

Breeding values for beef breed sires used for crossbreeding with dairy cows

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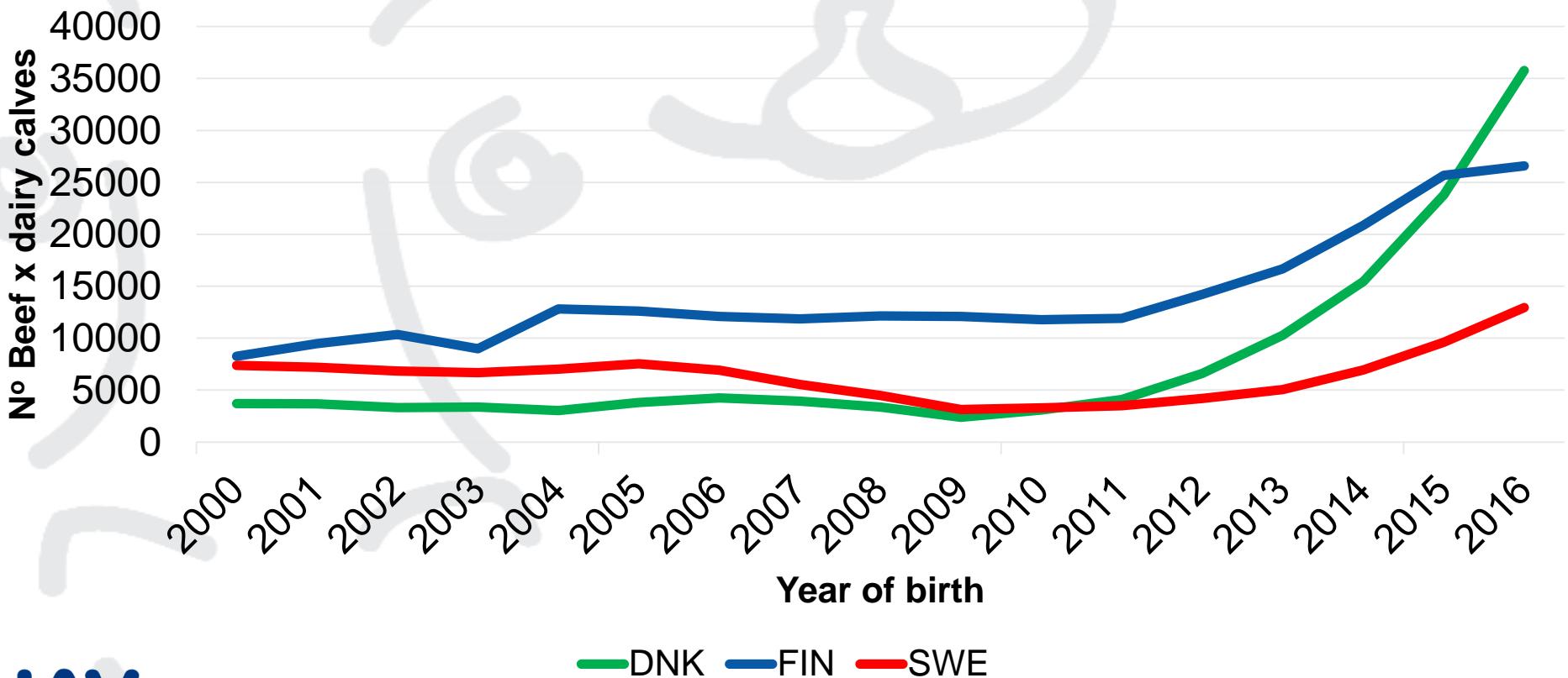
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Why are we developing a Nordic beef × dairy genetic evaluations?



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The aim

- Develop an overall economic index that helps dairy farmers to select beef sires that produce the **economically best crossbred calves**
 - Include economically important traits
- All beef bulls are **comparable across breeds**

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Which traits are included?

Calving traits

- 3 traits
 - Stillbirth
 - Calving ease
 - Calf size (only DNK)
- 2 trait groups
 - First parity
 - Later parities

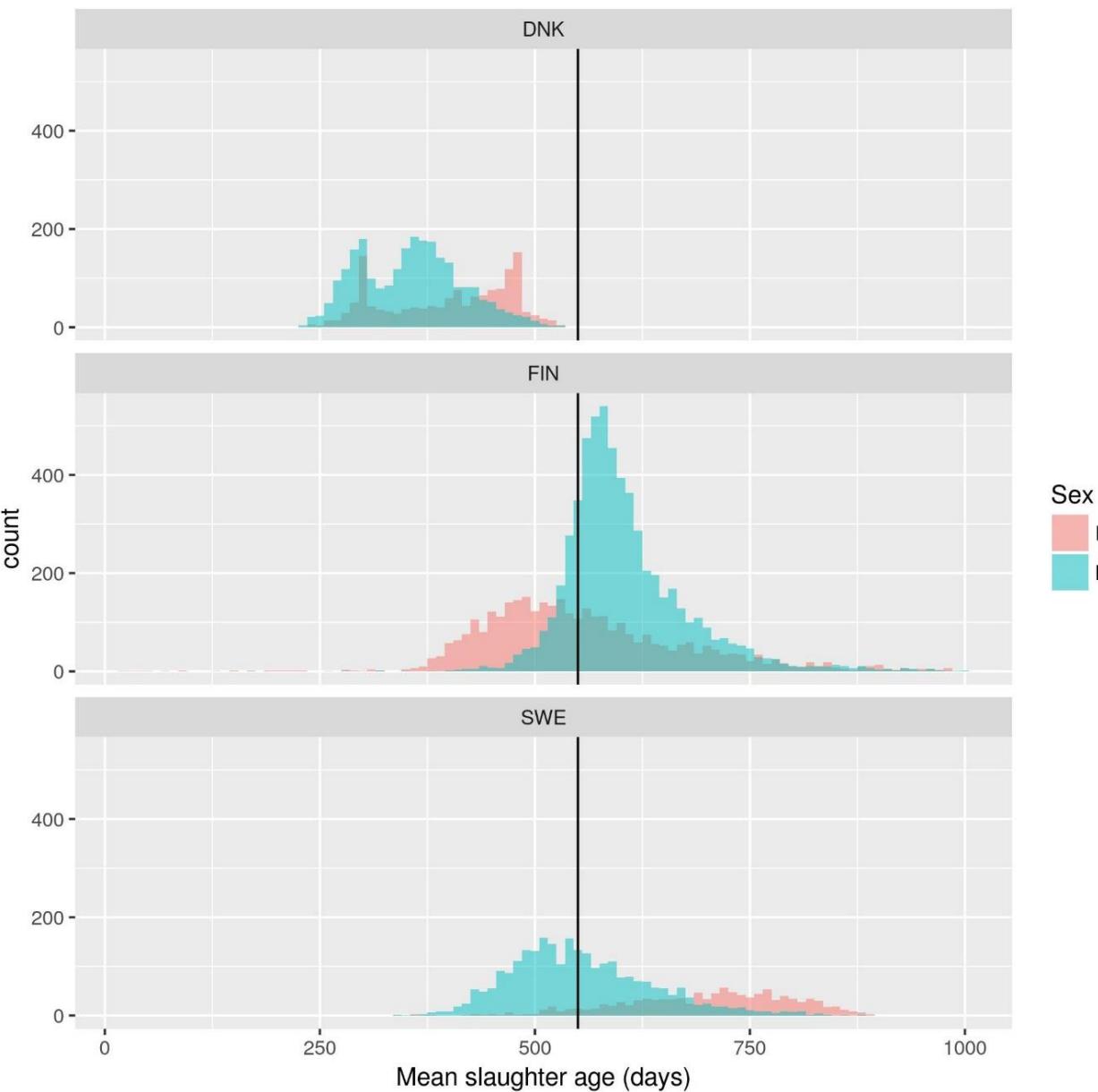
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Carcass traits

- Average daily gain
- Short fattening period
- Long fattening period
- EUROP form score
- EUROP fat score



Distribution of mean slaughter age for herd-year-sex classes with ≥ 3 records



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Which calves are included?

- Only crossbred calves born by purebred dairy dams (HOL, JER and RDC)
- Sired by purebred AI beef sires (also INRA)



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Average herd size

Herdtype	DNK	FIN	SWE
Beef × dairy	236	47	100
Only dairy	153	28	71

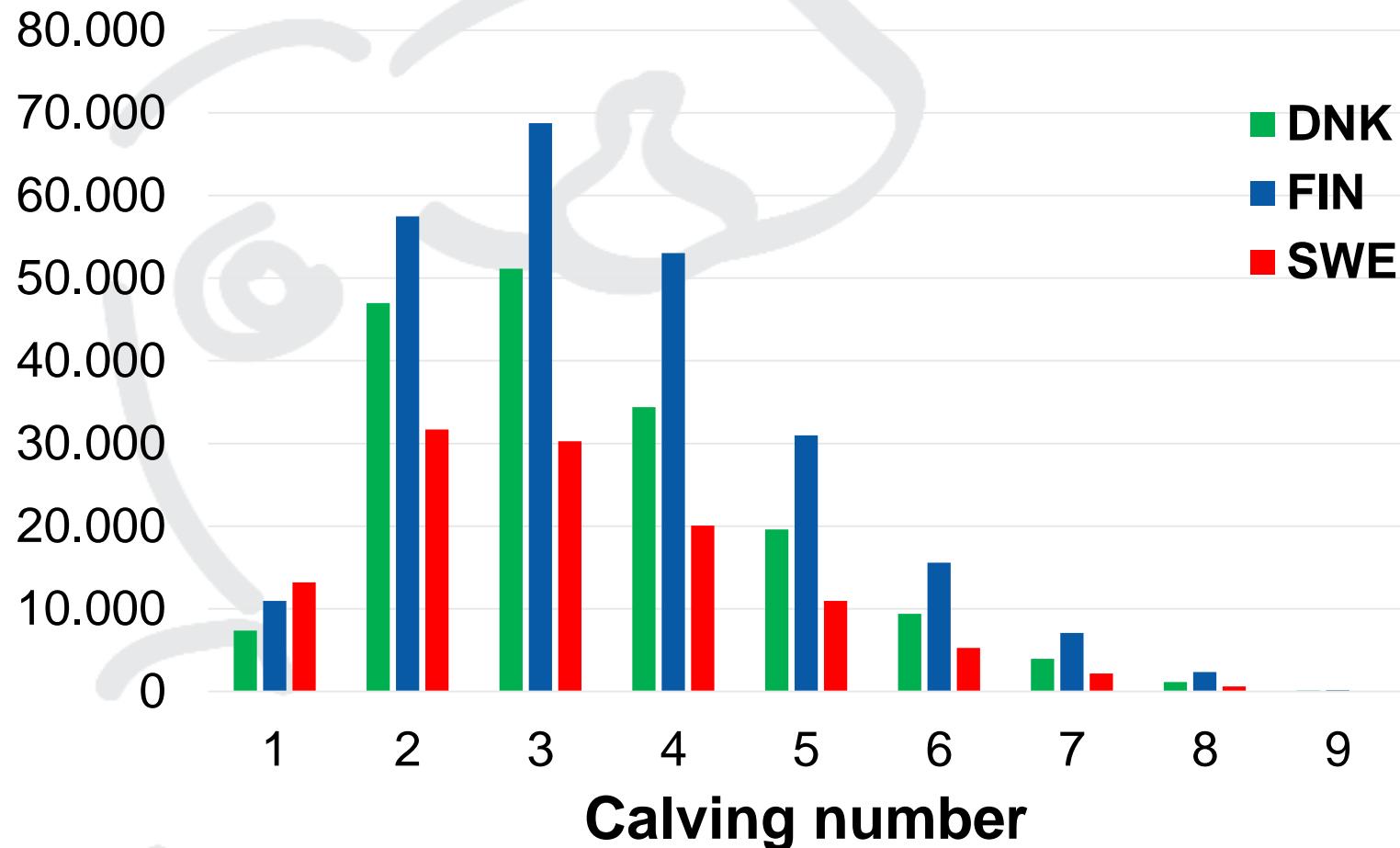
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Parity

Number of calves



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Connection between dams

Nº offspring	% dams
1	77.9
2	16.8
3	4.0
4	1.0
>4	0.3
Total	

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Beef sire breeds

Sire breed	DNK	FIN	SWE
Angus	1.9	16.9	11.3
Blonde	3.2	22.8	2.2
Danish Blue	66.9	-	-
Simmental (beef)	6.6	9.2	27.1
Charolais	3.6	9.2	26.4
Hereford	0.6	4.2	18.4
Highland	0.0	0.1	0.2
INRA	4.3	-	-
Limousin	12.7	37.7	14.3

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Patterns of use of beef sires

- Majority of herds use >1 beef sire per year
- Different sire breeds are used in the same herd
- All sire breeds are used on all dam breeds

**Solid basis for comparing breeding values
across beef breeds**

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Genetic parameters – Calving traits

- Low heritabilities
 - Calf survival: 0.01 – 0.05
 - Calving ease: 0.05 – 0.11
- Moderate genetic correlations
 - First – later parity: ~0.90
 - Calving ease – calf survival: 0.6 – 0.7



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Genetic parameters – Carcass traits

- Moderate heritabilities
 - 0.2 – 0.4
- Moderate/high genetic correlations
 - Daily gain short – long fattening: >0.95
 - Male – female traits: 0.8 – 0.9



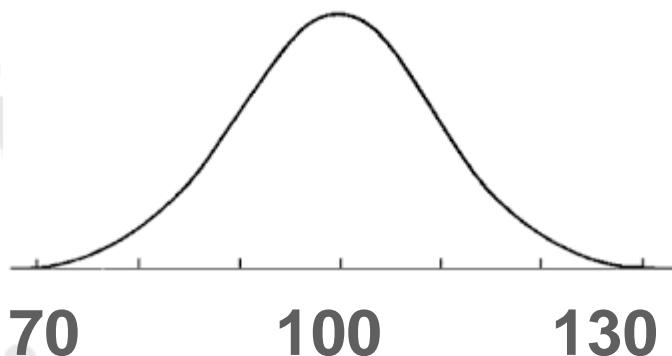
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Presentation of Breeding Values

- As for dairy genetic evaluation
 - Mean: 100
 - Standard deviation: 10
- No economic index (yet?)



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Future outlook

- Economic index
- Young stock survival & health traits
- Impact on dairy cow



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Summary

- Use of beef sires on dairy cows is increasing
- Breeding values for beef sires based on dairy crossbreds available in November 2018
- Need for economic index

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